ATKINSON'S EVENING POST,
AND PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS.

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THE NORTHERN LIGHTS.
By Rev. Peter Morris, M.C.

A night is reading literature! A strange, dull glow Hangs in the northern sky! A light of blood-red hue Streams o'er the midnight heavens! A fearful sight is that! To the north and to the south I see the storm arise Fast and furious, like the mighty rushing of the wings Of angels, black and terrible! In wrath the Lord Is coming down to battle, and His voice Is heard in the thunder! Lightnings leap forth, Survey the land, and instantly return Like arrows to the mark from which they flew Swift as the winds! His chariot is the cloud, Careering on the whirlwind! Justice and Truth Are the bright horses that bear Him along! Mercy Weeps at the feet of Justice, and doth plead In agony for the world! But Justice frowns, And Truth shakes her celestial spear at man! Hark! how the thunders mutter! Deep calls unto deep! Aloft in the realms of the fierce storm-king The fire-flood rolls! Down comes the rain! Down comes the hail! The floods are out! Roar, ye mighty waters! Lift up your voices, O ye floods! Destruction! Destruction! Destruction! Hear ye not the sound? Behold ye not the flying? Destruction! Destruction! Destruction! Who can escape? Where shall the sinful hide? Not in the caves Of the earth, for there shall the lightnings search them out! Not in the houses, for the fire shall devour them! Not in the fields, for the floods shall overwhelm them! Not in the mountains, for the rocks shall crush them! Not in the forests, for the whirlwind shall tear them up! Not in the deserts, for the sands shall bury them! Not in the caverns of the sea, for the waters shall search them out! Not in the heavens above, for there is the Lord coming down in His wrath! Not in the earth beneath, for there is the Lord coming up out of His holy place! Not in the universe, for there is the Lord coming to judge the world! Destruction! Destruction! Destruction! Who can escape? Where shall the sinful hide? Not in the rocks, for they shall be broken in pieces! Not in the mountains, for they shall be thrown down! Not in the valleys, for they shall be filled up! Not in the plains, for they shall be made low! Not in the hills, for they shall be made to skip like rams! Not in the sea, for it shall dry up! Not in the rivers, for they shall be turned into blood! Not in the lakes, for they shall be consumed with fire! Not in the air, for it shall be filled with the wrath of God! Not in the universe, for it shall be shaken to its centre! Destruction! Destruction! Destruction! Who can escape? Where shall the sinful hide? Not in the dungeons of the earth, for the Lord shall open the doors thereof! Not in the graves, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the tombs, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the sepulchres, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the pits, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the abodes of the dead, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the bottomless pit, for the Lord shall open it! Not in the lake of fire, for the Lord shall open it! Not in the universe, for the Lord shall open it! Destruction! Destruction! Destruction! Who can escape? Where shall the sinful hide? Not in the heavens above, for there is the Lord coming down in His wrath! Not in the earth beneath, for there is the Lord coming up out of His holy place! Not in the universe, for there is the Lord coming to judge the world! Destruction! Destruction! Destruction! Who can escape? Where shall the sinful hide? Not in the rocks, for they shall be broken in pieces! Not in the mountains, for they shall be thrown down! Not in the valleys, for they shall be filled up! Not in the plains, for they shall be made low! Not in the hills, for they shall be made to skip like rams! Not in the sea, for it shall dry up! Not in the rivers, for they shall be turned into blood! Not in the lakes, for they shall be consumed with fire! Not in the air, for it shall be filled with the wrath of God! Not in the universe, for it shall be shaken to its centre! Destruction! Destruction! Destruction! Who can escape? Where shall the sinful hide? Not in the dungeons of the earth, for the Lord shall open the doors thereof! Not in the graves, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the tombs, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the sepulchres, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the pits, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the abodes of the dead, for the Lord shall open them! Not in the bottomless pit, for the Lord shall open it! Not in the lake of fire, for the Lord shall open it! Not in the universe, for the Lord shall open it! Destruction! Destruction! Destruction!

Written for the Evening Post and Saturday News.

THE GOVERNESS.

A TALE OF "SOME SOCIETY."

"There's another letter from Miss Primrose about my son Gay," said Mr. S. to his wife after his return from dinner one day; "she has been governess and engaged for her children." "A lady of liberal education and refinement, I suppose, my dear?" I fear you did not state explicitly in what capacity you wished to engage her."

"You know, Mr. S.," said the lady, "our former governess, Miss P. wrote all the particulars to her friend, and I left it to her."

"Did you refer in the letter?"

"Why, no, my dear, I thought it unnecessary, I only selected her if she would have any objections to my terms, and she wrote me word she was satisfied."

"Well, my dear, you will see what disengagement she has made, and write accordingly."

"I assure, Mr. S., you are always throwing difficulties in the way of my engaging a governess. Gay is healthy, however, and will do every thing I wish me, I dare say, for the present."

"But, my dear, she may be very amiable, and yet if she is a woman of liberal education, not be fitting to be governess."

"Pshaw! she is poor," said the lady with a pout, "and that will be quite enough to stay on my terms. What fidgetty it feels; I'm sure I feel nervous."

"Will she, said the husband. "When does she come?"

"Day after to-morrow."

"Then you have not necessary to send for her," resumed the husband.

"Send for her, indeed! I don't mean to spoil my carriage horses, to go to Islington! I intend to send Gay, or Miss Primrose, to meet her, and I'm sure I don't see why you should not, and so pained! Majesty of getting a conveyance at the inn."

"I will not the carriage myself on Thursday, to go to the city."

"Then you will offer to bring her with you."

"No, my dear, indeed, I don't approve of making use of my dominions," said the lady, with a toss of the head.

"What would your mother have said to that speech, Miss Primrose?"

According to resolution, Mrs. S. went on Thursday to the city, and returned in time for dinner, at which hour her mother-in-law the governess resided, and ordered her to take the summer and have the necessary preparations made.

When the governess arrived at the landing, she was met by her pupil Gay, who was on the top of the mason-like public house, keeping a look-out for the coach, and he ran to the door, crying "Governess, governess, governess!" and the governess, who was a lady of a certain country folks here about, and ran to the coach-door to welcome little, every one to their own, and they can't give her a bit of their mind, and they'll be thought to stay for any

ribbons, of American silk, manufactured in Pennsylvania, were held up to view by the President, who remarked that the light of domestic manufactures was making its way even into the dark regions of the South; for Virginia, Carolina, and Georgia, had all sent specimens of silk to this fair; and among other fabrics, he held up a beautiful piece of silk and cotton goods manufactured in South Carolina.

Atkinson's Evening Post and Philadelphia Saturday News.

UNDER THE EDITORIAL CHARGE OF GEORGE R. GRAHAM.
Letters to be addressed to S. C. Atkinson, Publisher.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1839.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, &C.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

We feel assured that in these pressing times, it will afford pleasure to our subscribers to render us all the relief in their power. We have many thousand dollars outstanding in sums of from two to five dollars, which, though small in themselves, present a serious aggregate upon our books. It is a small matter for any one to remit the price of a year's subscription, though we shall feel much obliged to all who will do so. The year is about closing, and we wish to make an adjustment of our accounts, and though it will afford us much gratification to continue our very heavy list, we shall be forced to diminish it, and to deprive some of them of their papers if they do not observe some promptitude in the settlement of their accounts. It is an unpleasant matter to be eternally dunning, and we hope that this hint will be acted upon by all who are in arrears. 3t

THE ATTACK ON GENERAL MORRIS.

The attack which has been made by certain drivellers, upon General Morris, of the New York Mirror, seems to meet with universal condemnation. The object of the attack was undoubtedly to injure the Mirror, by stabbing the man, under whose well directed efforts, that paper had risen to great popularity. The Mirror being an old and tried favorite of the public, stands in the way of the virgin enterprises of certain mushroom editors of Gotham, who have risen to imaginary importance in a night; and who think that the shortest road to success, is to uproot the old establishments, and to build a fortune upon the ruins. They have missed the way. Men of narrow souls and violent passions soon betray their motives; and so true has it been in this instance, that the ink is scarcely dry, which has recorded the Billingsgate of these slanders, when their purpose is made apparent to the whole community. We regret to see that several papers of this city, have joined in this mean and low spirited attack. That the Herald and Sentinel should be found among the number, is a matter of surprise. That paper has uniformly been conducted with so much regard to the courtesies which bind man to his fellow; that we can only account for it, by supposing that the editorial department has changed hands, or that the editor has unguardedly joined in the crusade, without understanding the motive of those with whom he moved. The arrows which have been shot from another quarter, were from the thumb of mortified ambition, and the motive is well understood. Nothing humbles a man who makes pretensions to literary attainments so much as a rejection of the child of his fancy. Hence when the hue and cry was raised in New York, that General Morris had been for years receiving praise to which he was not entitled; and that the sage and sapient critics had suddenly discovered that his reputation was a mere thing of puff, and that it would be righteous to pursue him to the death; the whole herd of petty scribblers, whose vanity had been wounded by the General's well meant kindness, or who have cringed before his rebuke like hounds under the lash, opened upon him. Hence it surprised no one to hear those petty puppies, whose tempers have been spoiled by injudicious fondling, send forth their unbidden yells, while yet in the leash of their masters.

It has become but too common among a set of starving adventurers, who fatten upon the kindness and credulity of publishers and the public, to assail respectable citizens, and to find shelter in a character, that can lose nothing by an indictment and conviction in a criminal court, and yet has every thing to gain by provoking notice and controversy. It is time that editors who have common respect for others, or a decent regard for themselves, should be prompt to expose the malignity of these attacks, and thus render them harmless. There are some men dignified with the name of editors and "*assistant editors*," whose souls are so meanly inhabited that they are incapable of awarding the just meed of praise to a man of superior talents, for fear that such a stretch of generosity might distract something from their own immaculate worth. But it may be set down as a rule established, that your *eternal snarler* is a mere hireling, who does the dirty work of others, whose passions are equally malignant, but whose pride is too great to allow them to strike the blow. Of men who have the purpose of the murderer, but prefer employing the Matador—whose cowardice will not permit them to cross swords in open day, with a noble and high-minded foe, but prefer midnight and the stiletto.—Such men must be foiled with their own weapons, and then kicked aside.

THE NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

It will be seen by late news from Europe that the question which has been agitated touching the acceptance of the bills by Rothschild refused by Hottinguer is set at rest. The bills were accepted. Mr. Jaudon has met other difficulties in a manner which silences all doubts as to the available means of the Bank of the United States. It will be seen, however, that gold and silver are still flowing out of England, to the continents, in consequence of the scarcity of bread-stuffs. Several riots have also occurred in France in consequence of the hard times.

With this view of affairs, there can be no doubt that the suspension will become general by the banks of this country, and that it will be some time, before it will be safe to resume. The question of a tariff with cash duties, will soon, we hope, be generally agitated. We are pleased to observe that the opinions which we advanced in our last, in relation to this matter are becoming general, and that the sentiments are re-echoed by the press in all parts of the country. We must husband the resources of our country, if we would be truly independent, and encourage home manufactures. The times are most propitious for the agitation of the question, and we hope soon to see an effectual restraint put upon the present excess of foreign importations. We know of no better method of bringing this matter before Congress than memorials from the people, and we shall therefore lay before our readers a petition upon this subject in our next.

Fall and Winter Fashions for 1839-40.—F. Mosben's plate of these fashions has been handed to us for inspection. We find short cloaks are to be the "go" this winter: short surtouts also, with short pockets, we presume to carry the specie. The various costume represented in the plate appears neat and becoming. The plate itself is a very handsome aquatint, executed by Graham of this city. No species of engraving could be better adapted to the purpose.

LIBRARY.

PHILADELPHIA PERIODICALS.

"*The Casket and Philadelphia Monthly Magazine*" for November, is issued, and is embellished with a fine engraving of the Silver Cascade, White Mountains, besides a beautiful plate of Fashions, highly colored. These fashions have been prepared by a French gentleman of much taste and experience, and are of a kind entirely new, in this country. It will be seen by reference to the prospectus of a new volume in another column of this paper, that it is the design of the publishers to continue these plates, and to furnish in addition to their usually elegant steel engravings, a series of mezzotints from the burine of Sartain. There are several very fine articles in the number for November, among which we may notice the articles by Chauncey F. Holcomb, Esq. Thomas G. Spear, and Miss Waterman. "Cruising in the last War," is continued, and Jeremy Short has another love story for the ladies, entitled "Breaking One's Heart." The music is a piece by Thomas Haynes Bayly, "I Cannot Dance To Night." The number on the whole, we conceive one of the best issued.

"*The Ladies' Book*," for the present month is also before us, containing an engraving of the "Astonished Painter," and a plate of colored fashions. The contributors to the number, are, Mrs. Hale, Miss Ellet, Miss Beecher, Ingraham, Richard Penn Smith, and others. With the articles in the present number we have been well pleased, with a single exception,—the first poem in the book, intended to illustrate the face plate. It is mere Byronical twaddle. The publisher of the Ladies' Book, is determined to spare no efforts to render his magazine, universally popular.

"*Gentleman's Magazine*," for this month is decidedly the best that has been issued for some time. The literary contents are more rich and varied, and the typographical execution has been much improved. Mr. Burton has associated with him in the management of the editorial duties of the magazine, Edgar A. Poe, Esq. whose mind is deeply imbued with the spirit of German literature, and as one of that class of writers has few equals. The number for this month is embellished with an engraving of the Capitol at Washington, and contains a wood cut descriptive of the game of Cricket, and a detail of the rules of that manly pastime.

INCREASE OF CRIME.

Every citizen who has observed the reports of cases of the Court of Criminal Sessions for some time past must have been struck with the alarming increase of crime in this city. Not a day passes but some ten or twelve, and often twenty criminals are arraigned before the bar of that court, to the steady and fearful increase of tax on the commonwealth. Something is wrong in the system of practice adopted by our aldermen, or half the cases would never be obtruded upon public attention. The most petty offenders after a cursory hearing are bound over to answer at the Criminal Sessions instead of being disposed of at once. The benefit of the trial by jury is certainly inestimable, but is not that tribunal brought into contempt by being obliged to try these "thirty day" offenders? Is there no course more summary, and equally efficient? The dignity and parade of these trials have a sort of glory in the eyes of the gaping crowd of white and blacks who huddle promiscuously together as spectators, which may induce the evil disposed,—when the chances of escape appear equal to the chance of conviction,—to regard the commission of crime as a sort of pathway to distinction. The honor of having a display of forensic ability on their behalf has something attractive in it to men who are predisposed to the commission of crime, and the more silently these petty matters are disposed of the better for the public coffers.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

A Temperance meeting will be held on Thursday evening next, at the Musical Fund Hall, when an address will be delivered by the Rev. E. T. Taylor. The ability and reputation of the speaker will insure a good house. The meeting is rendered particularly worthy the attention of Philanthropists, as the proceeds of the collection to be taken, are to be devoted to the purpose of forming a Library for Seamen at this port. This deserving and useful class of men, who hazard every thing to afford to the rich the luxuries of every clime, have a claim upon attention, which is too much neglected,—and we therefore hope, that those who have the means, to afford this help to the sailor, either by donations of books or money, will not suffer the occasion to pass unnoticed. Our merchants, particularly importers, owe a debt to this class of men, which might be partly liquidated by attention to this notice.

"THE NEW WORLD."

We have received the first number of a weekly paper of the above title, started in New York, by Messrs. Benjamin & Griswold, which gives evidence of much enterprise and ability. We wish them all success, as they say, that their object is to prove to the proprietor of the establishment from which they have seceded, that type, press, and printing materials do not constitute the real capital of a newspaper. The lesson needs enforcing, and they might add, another to clinch the argument, that a subscriber is worth nothing, *unless he pays for his paper.*

MR. DALLAS.

The political friends of Mr. Dallas, who has returned from the Court of Russia, propose to give him a public dinner, early in November.—There are many rumors afloat, as to the wherefore of his return. However, if there is truth in the speculation that Mr. Dallas, is destined to be a candidate for the Vice Presidency, Pennsylvania, will have no reason to blush for the choice. Mr. Dallas, of all the prominent men of the party to which he is attached, is perhaps the most eligible man. A man of his ability, and character, would certainly reflect more honor upon the station, than the present incumbent.

The Insolvent Court has been occupied for several days in the application of Jonathan K. Hassinger, for his discharge. The opposition has been conducted by St. George Tucker Campbell, but other creditors are represented by Messrs. Badger and Perkins. Joseph R. Ingersoll, Esq. is the counsel for the applicant. The transactions of Mr. Hassinger, as President of the Norristown rail road company, and the particulars of the issue of false certificates, have been fully investigated. Since 1834, the petitioner states his losses by speculating in stocks to amount to *one hundred and eighty-nine thousand dollars*, and paid since that period *ninety-eight thousand dollars for usurious interest.*

A sign of the distressing state of the times in Hinds county, Miss. is presented in the contents of a recent number of the Raymond Times, a paper published there. Twenty and a half of its columns are filled with sheriffs, collectors and marshal's sales; and more than three columns are occupied with insolvent notices, candidates for election, etc.

STOCKS AT NEW YORK.

The stock market says the Commercial of Wednesday evening is down to a lower ebb than it was ever our lot to record it. Some descriptions have declined 7 per cent. from the closing sales of yesterday. The United States Bank opened this morning at 70, and closed at 67; which is 7 per cent. below the sales of yesterday. Bank of Commerce declined 4 per cent; North American Trust the same. Delaware and Hudson 1½; Vicksburg 3½ below the sales of Monday, Illinois 1 below the last sales; New Jersey Rail Road fell off two per cent; Harlem ½; Stonington 3½; and Canton 1. The sales were not extensive.

The way they treat French Bakers.—No less than 149 bakers, residing in Paris and the banlieue, were tried at the last session of the Tribunal of Simple Police, for selling bread under weight. Sixty-two were sentenced to a slight penalty, and 87 to the maximum of the fine.

...munity as well as the banks could have time to recover from the effects of these foreign troubles. They have not hesitated to prefer the latter, as being the most conducive to the true interests of the State; and they confidently rely that their motives will be duly appreciated by the public authorities of the Commonwealth.—To that Commonwealth they owe their existence, and they regard her prosperity as a paramount consideration, to which they have always sacrificed their own merely pecuniary interests. Every loan wanted for the service of the State, every great improvement for the development of its resources, has always found a constant and liberal contributor in the banks; nor is it an exaggerated estimate that four fifths of the funds for the internal improvements of the State, have been contributed by the banks.

On the whole, the views which the Banks of Philadelphia wish to present are these.

That they were reluctantly obliged to unite in the resumption last year, declaring if it were postponed for further preparations it would be general and permanent.

That events have proved the resumption to have been premature, weakening the Banks and the country.

That in this exhausted condition they have to encounter a fresh demand for specie, to buy food for the people of England, which threatens to drain the last dollar from their vaults.

That every motive of prudence which caused the suspension of 1837, applies with much greater influence at the present moment; and that the Banks of Philadelphia have thought themselves justified in resorting to it, as the only remaining protection for the interests intrusted to their care.

In adopting it, however, the Banks would not cast the remotest censure on those institutions which pursue a different course. They desire only to explain themselves, not to criminate others. They think that it was impracticable for them to continue specie payments without sacrificing the community around them.

Their own proceedings they thus submit to the people of Pennsylvania, who are the best judges of their correctness; but the Banks confidently pledge themselves for the sincerity of their views in adopting it, their honest anxiety to protect the interests of the State, and to husband its resources from being swept away by this current to England, and they now respectfully but anxiously wait the opinion of the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

JOHN WHITE, Chairman.
WILLIAM WELSH, } Secretaries.
JAS. S. NEWBOLD, }

EPITOME OF THE TIMES.

PHILADELPHIA—PENNSYLVANIA.

The Criminal Court disposed of one hundred and ten cases of a criminal character during the past week, and on Saturday twenty-eight prisoners received the sentence of the Court. The argument on the motion of J. R. Ingersoll, Esq. asking the release of Dr. Dyott on the ground of informality in forming the Jury, was postponed until to day.

In the District Court on Saturday, St. George Tucker Campbell, Esq. moved to have the bail in the case of his client, Frederick Fritz, late collector on the Columbia railroad, reduced from 40,000 dollars to common bail for his appearance to answer the suit of the Commonwealth for an alledged default of 38,000 dollars. The court decided against the reduction of the bail.

A Neat Compliment.—A writer in the Baltimore Monument, describing Mr. Dunn's celebrated Chinese Collection, eloquently and truly observes "that he has enclosed a whole people, as it were, in glass cases—classified them—their habits, their occupations, their follies, their amusements, their tastes, their tools, their manners, their dwellings, their costume, their implements of husbandry and war, their ships, their boats, their vanities, their mourning, and their pleasure, their arts and their antiquities, their luxury and their superstitions. In fact, he has taken a specimen of every thing natural or produced, necessary and unnecessary, of the Chinese empire."

Another Revolutionary Soldier Dead.—Another revolutionary soldier, named Henry Yeager, aged 78 years and 8 months, has been gathered to his fathers. He served in the privateers Rising Sun, Fair American, and Franklin. In the Franklin he was taken prisoner and confined for nine months. After his release he went home and entered the army as a drummer. After serving out his time, he left Germantown for Philadelphia, and on his way was taken by Lord Howe's soldiers, charged with being a spy, and confined nine weeks in Walnut street prison. On two occasions, the halter was placed around his neck to induce a confession. The Friends interested themselves in his behalf, and he was reprieved.

Daring Robbery.—On Saturday last, a black fellow entered the watchmaker's store of Mr. Monier, at the corner of Second and Gaskill streets, and asked to be shown a silver watch. Mr. M. handed him one, which he appeared to be inspecting with considerable care, when a white man came in, supposed to be an accomplice, and asked to see an article of jewellery. As Mr. Monier stepped to the other end of the counter to get it, the black darted out of the door, and ran up Gaskill to George st. and up George to Shippen, where Mr. M. who followed him immediately out of the store, overhauled him, and after handsomely flogging him, handed him over to the care of Alderman Johnson. Finding himself hotly pursued, he in his run, threw the watch away, which was afterward picked up, broken to pieces.

As an evidence of the remarkably mild weather, it may be mentioned that deliciously flavored strawberries were furnished by Mr. Badger, of the Marshall House, on Saturday last.—*Nat. Gazette.*

A man named Manassah Scott, in a dispute with the keeper of an infamous house in Plumb street, below Fourth, on Saturday night last, discharged a pistol at him, the contents of which were lodged in the shoulder of a girl named Mary Palmer. She was taken to the Hospital, where the ball was extracted—her life is not thought to be in danger. Scott attempted to fire a second pistol at himself, but the cap exploded without discharging the weapon. He was committed for a further hearing.

We learn that Dr. James Bryan, of this city, has been elected Professor of Surgery in the Vermont Medical College, at Castleton, Vt.

On Sunday morning, about 3 o'clock, the ice house at Bush Hill, belonging to Mr. Francis, was destroyed by fire, supposed to have been originated by an incendiary.

We are gratified to learn that it is the intention of the Purser of the Navy Yard at this city, Francis B. Stockton, Esq. to pay *specie* to the officers and men, mechanics and laborers, at this station.

A Slave Case.—The Village Record states that a black man who for a few months has been in the employ of Dr. Perkins, of Coatesville, in that county, was arrested on Friday last, and brought before his Honor Judge Bell. After a hearing, the fellow acknowledged that he was a slave, and he was remanded to the claimant. He was about 25 years of age, and had been in this State since May last. He was from Loudon county, Virginia.

Robbing a Printer.—The Butler Intelligencer of the 19th ult. says:—"No paper was issued from this office last week, and we are compelled to issue only a half sheet this week, on account of the invasion of our office by some *blackhearted villains*, who are wanting in all the good feelings that man ought to possess. On entering our office on Tuesday morning last, we were made believe, for the first time, that there were persons in this community base and *revengeful* enough to *rob a printer*. The outer form of our paper which was on the press, was knocked into pi, and the matter for the inner form was turned upside down into the cases, making one of the most horrid sights that printer ever beheld—"a wreck of matter," and a crush of—*words*.

NEW YORK.

The packet ship Patrick Henry, recently launched at New York, is greatly admired for the excellence of her model, the strength and symmetry of her structure and the beauty of her interior. She is of one thousand tons burthen, has accommodations for thirty-six passengers in her cabins, and can carry a freight of from 2500 to 3000 bales of cotton, and in her lower hold alone has stowage for nearly 7000 barrels of flour.

Explosion of a Coal Mine.—On the 17th ult. a coal pit at the Albion coal mines, at Pictou, (N. Y.) took fire while blasting, and exploded, lifting two houses from their foundations. Before the explosion, a dense column of flame was seen rising from the mouth of the pit, from 70 to 100 feet. The fire was extending at the last accounts.

A homicide of a rather singular character was perpetrated last week, near Syracuse. A pedlar, bending under the weight of his pack, encountered on one of the bye-roads of that region a foot-pad who demanded his money. The pedlar handed out his pocket book. "Is this all?" asked the robber. "No," said the pedlar. "Well then, fork up, and be quick!" The pedlar put his hand in his bosom, drew out a pistol and shot the robber through the heart. The body was recognised as that of a convict just discharged from the Auburn prison.—*Buffalo Com. Adv. Oct. 23.*

In the case of Mrs. Shaw, the actress, and her husband, the Chancellor of New York has decided to dissolve the injunction obtained by the former, and thus to confirm her husband in the enjoyment of his marriage rights.

EASTERN.

The address of Mr. Southard before the Boston Lyceum was worthy of his sound mind and enlarged views. His subject was domestic labor, and the necessity of protecting it by the government.

A loafer, pretending to be an Agent of an Insurance Company, is travelling through Maine, cheating the people into having their property insured, and pocketing the proceeds, and is off again elsewhere.

At the close of an address delivered by Robert Rantoul, jr. at Cambridgeport, on the license law of 1838, Sunday evening last, a call was made to such a portion of the audience to rise, as believed the law to be constitutional and expedient, and that the same ought to be enforced, and although the meeting was holden in the large Baptist meeting-house, and very much crowded, almost every individual present, immediately arose. When those of an opposite opinion were called upon, *not one person was found ready to stand up as the opponent of the law.*

The Amistad.—Judge Inglis delivered his opinion in relation to the Spanish gentlemen imprisoned under color of a charge of assault made by the pirate Cinquez. Montez he discharged on his own recognizances, and Ruiz ordered to find bail in $250.

WESTERN.

The West is vastly rich in minerals. Almost every day brings to light some new discovery of its wealth. We observe that in St. Francois county, ochre has been discovered of four different colors, viz: yellow, black, and two shades of red. There is also found in the same deposite white, black, and Spanish brown. All the colors, except the white, combine readily with oil, and have been pronounced by competent judges as every way equal to the imported article, and can be offered at a much lower price.

At a late fire in Norwalk, Ohio, the ladies turned out and did duty, relieving the men at the engines, together with other assistance that was needed in supplying the hose.

The ladies of Illinois and Michigan are forming an "Anti-gentleman's go down east to get married Society." The gentlemen at the east are forming an "Anti-ladies' going off west to get married Society."

Ohio Banks.—The Ohio Banks propose to extricate themselves from the penalties of the severe bank law, by persuading the Clinton Bank, which has the right, to issue *post notes* as a common medium for circulation. We should imagine the very name of *post notes* too repugnant to the authorities of that State to be countenanced.

The Northern Bank of Kentucky, at Lexington, has suspended.

The news of the suspension of specie payments reached St. Louis on the 18th. The papers of the 19th say nothing in regard to suspension by the Bank of Missouri.

A Revolt.—A few days since, a revolt by the convicts in the State Penitentiary at Alton, took place, which resulted in the death of one of the prisoners, imprisoned for murder. It was evident a general revolt was intended, but the insubordination was checked, without any serious resistance, after the leader was shot.

Winnebago Treaty.—The St. Louis Republican of the 12th ult. has the following paragraph, and notice of the doings under this famed treaty:

Scarcely Justice.—We understand that the commissioners to re-examine and adjust the various claims under the Winnebago treaty have performed that duty, and left Prairie du Chien. General Cameron, and Mr. Broadhead, forced to abandon the $60,000 on their famous speculation, received but six per cent. for the use of the money actually employed in the purchase of the half breed claims. It would have been scarce justice if they had been forced to lose the whole sum. This is the reward due their conduct.

Arson and Incendiarism in respectable life.—Besides alarming attempts to destroy various cities, and the fraudulent cases of destruction of this kind to obtain the amount of excessive insurance, we hear of several respectable farmers, of good standing, on the Holland Land Purchase, west, who have been held over to bail in the sum of $15,000, on the charge of burning the house of the Agent of a new purchaser, who had pressed hard upon one of the settlers, and sacrificed his property under a mortgage.

A Buckeye Jury.—At a Court of Common Pleas, held last week at Perrysburgh, O. the Jury in a case of slander, agreed eleven against one, "*to disagree*"—sealed the verdict, and brought it into court next morning. After reading it, the Judge reprimanded them for the contempt, and sentenced them to two hours' confinement in the county jail.

Dr. David Dale Owen, while on his exploring expedition, with a company of 130 men, to examine the geology of Wisconsin, met with a sudden and melancholy termination to his useful labors, by an attack of bilious fever, near Davenport, on the 3d ultimo, which unhappily proved fatal. A Mr. Lock succeeds him.

There is a lady out West who makes apple pies without paring the apples. She says it is indelicate to strip them.

A woman in Ohio won a bet of ten dollars, by walking fifty miles in nine hours, the other day.

Banking Operations.—A former cashier of the Amherst Bank, [Mass.] who ran away some time since, has located himself out west, and is putting in circulation the old bills of the bank which had been entrusted to him to destroy, but which he coolly pocketed, doubtless for some expected emergency.

The Ohio Banks.—It appears that the united capital of the Ohio banks, on the 30th of September, was $10,500,000, their circulation, $6,260,000, deposites, $1,845,000, other liabilities, $4,455,000. Their assets are, notes and bills discounted, $11,270,000; specie, $2,100,000; notes of other banks, $330,855; due from other banks, $366,200; other resources, $7,831,000.

SOUTHERN.

Selling Free Negroes.—A white man named H. Brewster, and a yellow woman called Harriet Jones, were arrested at Baltimore, on Sunday last, at a house where they lived as man and wife, for selling a free black woman to a slave dealer named Williams. Brewster confessed his guilt and refunded $300 of the money. He acquitted his so called wife from any share in the act.

Murders.—Mr. Tinet, from Opelousas, was lately murdered in the parish of St. Landry, by some person unknown, who robbed him, it is supposed, of a considerable sum of money. It is presumed that the deed was done in the woods near Mr. Roget's plantation, while Mr. Tinet was returning home, his body having been found in his gig.

On Wednesday evening last, says the Iberville Gazette of the 12th, at Grand River, a man named Platte, murdered a man named Farmer, by striking him on the head with an axe. Platte has not, as yet, been arrested.

Fire at Charleston.—On Tuesday night last, a fire occurred, by accident, in Charleston, (S. C.) commencing on the north side of Market, a few doors east of Anson street, which destroyed four or five dwellings, with their out-houses, and a grain establishment. Several buildings were blown up, and the vegetable market was several times on fire.

Canal Rioters.—We learn from the Cumberland papers that nine of the rioters on the Chesapeake and Ohio canal have been tried, convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary as follows:—John Atwell, 18 years; John O'Donnell, 18 years; James Reynolds, 16 years; Hugh Agan, 16 years; Edward Kelly, 16 years; Ned Kelly, 16 years; Patrick Devine, 16 years; Felix Malone, 16 years; James Ferguson, 10 years.—*Baltimore American.*

The Nashville Banner of the 17th is silent on the rumored death of Gen. Jackson. It is a hoax.

On the 26th ult. Mr. Bernard Chapdeville, living near the Bayou Plaquemine, La. while in the act of ascending an old pecan tree, fell upon one of his children, about five years old, and killed him instantly! Mr. C. also died on the 30th ult. of injuries received in the fall.

Native American Wine.—The Savannah Georgian acknowledges the receipt of a bottle of wine, made from grapes grown in the vineyard of Mr. Allen Green, of Jones county, Ga. who says he can furnish enough of the article for the whole neighborhood.

Georgia Banks.—The Savannah Banks had not suspended Oct. 22. The bank of Augusta, and the Augusta Insurance and Banking Co. have stopped, as also those of Columbus, the latter alleging as a cause that it would furnish better facilities for merchants to purchase cotton.

North Carolina.—The Bank of the State of North Carolina has suspended. The Merchant's Bank of Newbern had not suspended on Oct. 25th, and it was believed would not.

University of Virginia.—The number of students at this University is about 230. The best hopes of its friends seem likely to be realised in the flourishing progress of this institution. A salutary law prevents the merchants of the place giving credit to the students, and it has lately been enforced.

The Postmaster of Baltimore, on Thursday last, received a letter, dated Philadelphia, Oct. 21st, 1839, enclosing 300 dollars in United States Bank notes. The letter was in the following words: "Sir—If this should not be called for before 8 o'clock on Thursday night, you will please send it back to Lew. Brown, 145 Market street, Philadelphia. It is thought that he has returned already. Please forward immediately by return mail." It had no signature. Our readers will remember that the store of this gentleman was robbed on the Monday night of last week of 450 dollars in notes. The robber has probably been apprehensive of detection, and by the course he has pursued thought to elude the search. He appears to be a novice in his profession, and perhaps may be apprehended by the very means he has taken to escape suspicion.

Tremendous Crash.—The Great Bridge two miles in length over the Tennessee river at the Muscle Shoals, has fallen. Mr. Henry, the projector, was on it at the time but escaped.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Watermelon Molasses.—It has been ascertained that very good molasses may be made from watermelons, simply by pressing out the juice and boiling it down to a proper thickness.

The Richmond Enquirer says, a gentleman who arrived in the steam ship Liverpool, saw one pound notes which had been prepared by the Bank of England.

When you get a pair of new boots or shoes, saturate the soles with linseed oil. It will keep all water out and make them wear longer, but it will make them shrink a little. Consequently they should be made rather large for the foot.

The Baltimore Patriot has the following in relation to certain meteorological assertions of Mr. Espy, which we mentioned last week—namely that a storm was raging south of the Virginia capes while the weather was fair here: "In confirmation of the statement of Professor Espy we may mention that the schr. Mohawk, which arrived at this port this morning, reports having experienced very heavy weather on the coast, was twice blown off, and has been ten days on soundings."

A young Amaroso, at a political festival, gave the following toast: "The Ladies. We admire them for their beauty; respect them, because of their intelligence; and love them, because we *can't help it.*"

RESOLUTIONS ON BANKING.

The House of Representatives of Vermont have passed a resolution, which is made the order for a subsequent day, declaring it inexpedient to charter or re-charter banking institutions, except on the following conditions:

1st. Private property of stockholders to be holden for the redemption of bills.

2d. The failure or refusal of a bank to redeem its notes in gold and silver to work a forfeiture of its charter; and on the occurrence of such an event, the governor to make proclamation of the fact.

3d. On the suspension of a bank, commissioners to be appointed to take charge of its effects, and wind up its affairs.

4th. In case a person loses through the failure of a bank, the president and directors of such bank to be liable to indictment for swindling, and, if found guilty, to be punished by imprisonment in the State prison for from three to ten years.

5th. All charters to be under the control of future Legislatures.

FORESTS FOR OUR NAVY.

It appears, by a report of the Commissioners of the Land Revenue in Great Britain, that a 74 gun ship contains about 3000 tons, or 3000 loads of timber, which would require 3000 trees of 75 years growth. It has also been calculated that, as not more than 40 oaks, containing a load and a half of timber in each, can stand upon an acre, 50 acres are required to produce the oaks necessary for every 74 gun ship!

This is an estimate of some importance to other countries besides Great Britain. We believe that this Government has set apart large tracts of land in Florida, covered with valuable live oak timber, to be reserved especially for the use of the Navy. This is well—especially if the timber is properly looked after, and is not felled by squatters, or stolen for other purposes, which we think is not unlikely to be the case.

But the white oak timber of New England is also in demand for naval purposes—and it is well known that this kind of timber, so valuable indeed so indispensable in ship-building, is becoming more scarce every day, and in a few years, unless some precautionary measures are taken, will not be procured at any price. The Government should purchase without delay, some good tracts of land, situated at a convenient distance from the navy yards of New England, and plant them with oak, locust, and other forest trees which are suitable to be used in naval architecture. The expense of this undertaking would be inconsiderable, but the benefits which would arise from it would be incalculable, and are too obvious to need pointing out.

Look at the white oak parks of Old England, which have furnished her with wooden walls for centuries.—*Boston Mer. Jour.*

HORRID MURDER AND ROBBERY.

The body of Mr. Jared Burr, a respectable young man, aged 22, who left his residence at Haddam, Conn. the 20th ult. on foot to embark at Chester Cove for New York, was found murdered in the woods on the road, his body covered with leaves, two balls through his head, and his pockets rifled of $600 and a watch, which he was known to have had with him. The Middletown Sentinel of Wednesday furnishes further particulars. It says of the deceased.

His friends supposed he had gone; but on the return of the vessel on Friday last they ascertained that he had not been in her. They then made inquiries, and found that he had borrowed an umbrella at a house on his way, and then took a shorter way through the woods; and that was the last seen of him. On Sunday morning, a large number of the inhabitants turned out in search of his body, under the impression that he had been murdered. After searching about two hours, they found his body in a brook about a mile from the house he had borrowed the umbrella. It was covered with water, and concealed by moss, grass, &c. with the exception of one leg which the water had probably washed off so as to expose it to view—thus leading to the discovery.

He was a respectable man, and has a father with whom he boarded, being a single man, and a number of connections living in Haddam. He had a peculiar movement of the eyes, and a head of hair as white as that of an old man.

P. S. We have just learned that a young man, of Middle Haddam, named "Gilbert Brooks," only about 20 years old, has been taken up on suspicion, and an examination of him was to be held at Chester.

The New Haven Gazette gives the following as the reasons for suspecting that individual:—

He was in the store with a gun in his hand, and saw Mr. Burr count and put his money in his pocket book. He told Mr. B. that the route by the foot path through the woods was nearer than the road, and finally persuaded him to go that way. He then purchased some powder and buck shot at another store, and went into the woods ahead of Mr. Burr. Two buck shot were picked from the wound, and the wallet containing the $40, which the prisoner did not know to be in the possession of Mr. B. was found on the body untouched."

The New York Evening Post holds the following language with reference to the relations of the Banks of that State to the laws of the Commonwealth. Whether any legislative intervention will take place, we cannot say; but it now seems pretty evident that something must break—the laws, the banks, or the merchants.

A clamor has been raised by one or two of the papers, on the ground that the Chancellor has declared he could not refuse an injunction against the Banks if they suspend payment; and we have had a deal of eloquent declamation against the despotism of the court of chancery. The despotism that these bankruptcy advocates complain of, is one from which they may find it hard to escape. It is the *despotism* of the people. It is the *law* that shuts the doors of insolvent corporations, and not the Chancellor.

The Act of April 2d, 1829, commonly called the *safety fund act*, is explicit and absolute on two points. First, that the Bank Commissioners shall, in case of a suspension of specie payments, apply to the Chancellor for an injunction to arrest their proceedings; and second, that the Chancellor shall grant the injunction.

There is no discretion in the matter. These functionaries are, in this question, merely ministerial agents, and they cannot refrain from acting without the clearest contempt of their duty and their official oaths.

The advocates of insolvency must bear in mind too, another instantaneous effect of a suspension of payment. The Banks would be overwhelmed by suits. In 1837 it was unpopular, nay, even odious, to prosecute them; now, we should be glad to see the professional man who would hesitate to put these notes in suit.

In actions against these corporations, too, brought as they may be, on a score or a hundred of small notes, the costs would be frightful. This alone would be a very formidable difficulty in the way of the proposed measure.

Far be it from us to create, or to seek to create, any feeling against the banks on account of the course they are pursuing; we believe them perfectly sound, and we respect the integrity and firmness that they have thus far shown.

Our remarks are to those so blind to the signs of the times as to suppose that a suspension would be followed by relief to the commercial classes. It is the merest madness to entertain the idea for a moment.

The merchants may receive now little help from the banks—in case of a suspension, they will have none at all. If the discount line is now curtailed, then it will be reduced to nothing. Between injunctions on the one hand and innumerable suits on the other—an incensed people on the one side, and an army of debtors on the other—these insolvent institutions would be powerless, alike for good or evil. The truth it is always best to know; and the truth may be said in two lines: *The banks suspend at the peril of their existence.*

JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC.

The Weekly Messenger, in speaking of this preparation says, "The efficacy of this elegant preparation in restoring the growth of the hair in bald places, is truly wonderful. Where the hair has been worn off from the top of the head by the careless practice of carrying things in the crown of the hat, it is generally considered difficult if not impossible to restore it, but it is found by numerous examples, that the Hair Tonic reaches these cases very promptly and effects a complete cure. Every gentleman—(we say nothing to the ladies it being a fair presumption that their hair is always in full luxuriance; at least, it always seems so,)—every gentleman who finds his hair growing too thin or becoming loose, should place a bottle of Jayne's Hair Tonic in his dressing case and apply it with a free use of the hair brush every morning. The result will be a full, strong, and healthy head of hair. The cases that have fallen under our own observation warrant us fully in asserting this. There is no mistake in Dr. Jayne.

THE PRESENT ERAS.

The following from the Advertiser shows how they do things in Gotham:

The good people of Gotham are living twice over at once—that is, two days at a time—or, in other words, in two *Eras*. It will be recollected that not long since, *Mr. Richard Adams Locke*, the author of the moon hoax, and the primitive advocate of English radicalism among us, was ejected from the editorship of the New Era, by the office holders, who seemed to be apprehensive that he was pushing his beautiful doctrines too far. But Mr. Locke was by no means disposed to be thrust out of a party of his own creation, and he yesterday gave the world another Era, new and charming as the first. Mr. Bell, however, his former publisher, seems to think that one *Era* is enough for one generation—and accordingly made an effort to *lock* his own editor fast in chancery. We copy from the Times:

THE NEW ERA *vs.* THE NEW ERA *revived.*—Mr. J. W. Bell, the publisher of The New Era, applied yesterday to the Chancellor for an injunction *vs.* Richard Adams Locke, the editor of the *New Era revived*, to prevent the publishing and issuing of the latter paper, on the ground that it was an infringement upon his right of property. A temporary injunction was granted against the New Era *revived*, with an order that the respondent should show cause on Monday next.

But, like the boy whose itching elbow would'nt *stay scratched*, so Mr. Locke will not *stay put*. Regardless of the Chancellor, his New Era dawned upon us this morning as usual. And who can blame him? What right has the Chancellor to interfere with a Tammany-man?

EXPERIENCE.—Experience is the most eloquent of preachers, but she never has a large congregation.

[illegible]

By the Philadelphia Board of Brokers, for the week ending Thursday.

1112	shares	United States Bank,	84a37	100
45	do.	Philadelphia Bank,	100	100
193	do.	Mechanics Bank,	27a28	50
45	do.	Schuylkill Bank,	33a35	50
22	do.	Far. & Mechanics Bank,	55a56½	50
75	do.	Girard Bank,	36a38	50
6	do.	Camden Bank,	46	50
9	do.	Commercial Bank,	86	50
147	do.	Memphis, Tenn.	70	100
20	do.	Miners&Mec. Bank Pitts.	45	50
1111	do.	Com & R. R. do. Vicks.	30a35	100
16	do.	Com. Bank Cincinnati,	93a95	100
236	do.	Kentucky Bank,	72a78	100
30	do.	Northern Bank, Ky.	84	100
367	do.	Phil. Wil. & Balt. RR.	45a16	50
30	do.	Camden & Amboy R. R.	111	100
100	do.	Stonington R. R.	18	100
61	do.	Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co.	36a37	50
65	do.	Mech. Tradesmen's Loan.	10	20

☞ Agents will please endorse their letters, and Post masters frank in *full*. To constitute a *frank*, it is necessary to write the name of the Post Master in *full*, and the word "free" also.

RECEIPTS BY MAIL.

Oct. 25, received from		*Oct. 28, received from*	
R. A. Venable,	$5 00	S. Dennison, Esq.	1 00
Wm. J. Church, Esq.	2 00	O. Doney,	3 00
Platt Adams, Esq.	2 00	Wm. A. Pierce,	30 00
J. F. Williams, Esq.	2 00	*Oct. 29.*	
A. D. Traphagan,	2 00	S. H. Adams, (WE)	2 00
C. C. Henderson,	3 00	A. Allen, Esq.	3 00
S. McCowly,	3 00	W. Stewart, Esq.	3 00
Oct. 26.		L. N. B[illegible], Esq.	3 00
J. W. Williamson, Esq.	2 00	*Oct. 30.*	
J. Y. Quarrier, Esq.	3 00	T. R. Wood, Esq.	3 00
W. J. McCully, Esq.	2 00	John Combs,	3 00
S. Jenson, Esq.	2 00	Roon Clark, Esq.	3 00
Oct 28.		Wm. Wittemeyer, esq.	3 00
John Geiger, Esq.	10 00	I. Dukemenier, Esq.	2 00
John Mahan, Esq.	2 00	J. McMullen,	2 00
R. H. Gentry, Esq.	10 00	*Oct. 31.*	
E. O. Smith, Esq.	2 00	John R. Tucker,	10 00
R. J. Watson, Esq.	3 00		

Wm. H. Wells, Batavia, N. Y. per G. R. G. Sept. 17, $2.50.

LIST OF UNPAID LETTERS, remaining to our address in the Post Office:—

From Charlotti, Tenn.

ALMANAC.

November, 1839.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon's phases.
2 Saturday,	6 31	5 [illegible]	11 21	
3 Sunday,	6 [illegible]	5 [illegible]	11 [illegible]	
4 Monday,	6 [illegible]	5 7	[illegible]	
5 Tuesday,	6 34	5 6	[illegible]	
6 Wednesday,	6 35	5 5	[illegible]	New 5 2 11
7 Thursday,	6 36	5 4	[illegible]	First Q [illegible]
8 Friday,	6 37	5 3	[illegible]	Full [illegible]
9 Saturday,	6 [illegible]	5 2	[illegible]	Last 27 3 21

Notice.—The First Associated Methodist Church belonging to the Association styled the METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH, of Kensington, will open the basement of their new meeting house near the corner of West and Marlborough sts. for public worship on Sunday 3d inst. Service to commence at 10½ o'clock A. M. 3 o'clock P. M. and 7 o'clock in the evening. A collection will be taken up during each service to aid in defraying the expense of the building. By order of the Building Committee.

JOHN G WILSON, Pastor.

Kensington, Nov. 1st, 1839.

MARRIAGES.

On the 24th ult. by the Rev. Mr. J. H. Jones, Mr. Clayton Stratton, to Miss Margaret Ann Wait, all of New Jersey.

On 5th day, 24th ult. at Friends' Meeting House, Deer Creek, Dr. Ebbley Massey, to Margaret Husband, all of Harford county, Md.

On the 24th ult. by the Rev. John Nicholson, Mr. Robert W. Holt, to Miss Ann Ashton, all of Philadelphia.

On the 14th ult. by Alderman Manderfield, Mr. Wm. D. Shaffer, to Mrs. Elizabeth Gauss, all of Southwark.

On Friday evening, 2d November, 1839, by the Rev. Mr. Pitman, Mr. John R. Griffiths, to Miss Margaret, daughter of Wm. Soby, all of Phi'ada.

On the 24th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Kennard, Mr. Andrew Law, merchant of the city of Philadelphia, to Miss Matilda M. Myers, of Rock Dale, Chester co. Pa.

On the 17th ult. by the Rev. John L. Grant, Mr. David K. Jeffries, of Lancaster, to Miss Wilhelmina Myers, of Spring Garden.

On Tuesday evening, 29th ult. by the Rev. Jos. B. Hardenberg, Wm. Smith, to Miss Susan C. daughter of Lewis Reineck, Esq.

At Lewistown, Pennsylvania on Wednesday evening, 23d ult. by the Rev. James S. Woods, Dr. John Cromwell Reynolds, of Cecil county, Md. late of the U. S. Army, to Miss Ellen Moore.

At Marcus Hook, on the 24th ult. by the Rev. J. Walker, James Aaron, to Mary Ann Copeland, all of Delaware county.

On Wednesday evening, 23d ult. by the Rev. O. Douglass, James R. Dickson, to Caroline L. daughter of James Stewart, Esq. all of this city.

On the 23d ult. by the Rev. A. Rood, Mr. Asa H. Heath, of Hunterdon county, N. J. to Miss Susan H. Roberts, second daughter of John P. Roberts, of this city.

On the 21st ult. at St. Michaels Church, by the Rev. T. J. Donoghue, Mr. Miles Tully, to Miss Catharine Campbell, daughter of Anthony Campbell, Esq. all of this city.

On Thursday morning, 24th ult. by the Rev. Dr. McDowell, Wm. Lewis, to Elizabeth Ann, daughter of Britain White, Esq. all of this city.

On Tuesday evening, 22d ult. by the Rev. Mr. Morton, James Schott, Jr. to Ellen, daughter of Richard Willing, Esq. all of Philadelphia.

By Friends' ceremony, on fourth day evening, 23d ult. Joseph D. Stackhouse, to Sarah P. Shaw, daughter of Alexander Shaw, deceased, all of this city.

In Lancaster city, on Tuesday evening, 15th ult. by the Rev. Abel C. Thomas, Mr. George W. Lee, to Miss Eliza Jane, daughter of Dr. A. Thomas, of Lancaster.

On Thursday evening, 24th ult. by the same, Mr. James Slocomb, to Miss Catharine Gardner.

On the 23d of October, at Plattsburg, N. Y. by the Right Rev. Bishop Onderdonk, Samuel G. Baker, M. D. of Baltimore, to Mary Ann, daughter of the late Geo. Read, Esq. of Delaware.

On Thursday evening, Oct. 24th, by the Rev. Mr. Suddards, L. W. Burnet, Esq. to Mrs. Catharine T. Hoffman, widow of the late John Hoffman, both of this city.

On Tuesday evening, 27th ult. by the Rev. Robert Steele, of Abington, Pa. the Rev. Daniel Gaston, of Beaver Meadow, Pa. to Miss Rosanna Morris, of this city.

On the 24th ult. by the Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, Mr. Joseph Lancaster, to Miss Susan M. Frame, both of Chester county, Pa.

DEATHS.

In Pittsburgh, on the 20th ult. after a short illness, Mary, wife of James Dalzell, sr.

On Tuesday morning, 29th ult. in the 5th year of her age, Eliza Adelaide, daughter of Geo. M. and Elizabeth Garwood.

On the 27th ult. in the 3d year of his age, William Henry Frost.

On the 17th ult. Dr. John Lexdon, of Manayunk, of bilious fever, in the 36th year of his age.

On the 23d ult. at Meadville, in the 6th year of her age, Rebecca Huidekoper, wife of H. J. Huidekoper, of that place.

On first day morning, 27th ult. Mary Dolby, in the 44th year of her age.

On the 28th ult. A. H. Devoria, in the 47th year of her age.

Was drowned on the 16th ult. from on board the steamer Brilliant, in the parish of St. James, Richard O. Pritchard, Esq. of New Orleans, in the 47th year of his age.

On the 27th ult. in the 28th year of her age, Mrs. Sarah Ann Baird, wife of Mr. Joseph Baird.

On the 27th ult. of consumption, Mrs. Eliza M. Wood, wife of Robert M. Wood, aged 37 years.

On the 28th ult. Richard Hall, in the 85th year of his age.

On the evening of the 28th ult. Aaron Stevenson, in the 49th year of his age.

On Tuesday morning, 29th ult. Mr. Wm. Greene, of the firm of Wm. Greene & Brothers.

☞ The New York and Providence papers are requested to copy the above.

At Madisonville, La. on the 12th of Oct. of yellow fever, Stacy Gillingham, Sr. of the firm of Gillingham & Co. of New Orleans, aged 55 years. The deceased was a native of Franklin, Penn. and for the last six years a merchant of that place.

On the 5th ult. Edward J. White, infant son of Wm. and Mary White.

On Sunday morning, 27th ult. Mrs. Margaret White, in the 80th year of her age.

On the 24th ult. in the 35th year of her age, Eliza Holliday, wife of Adam Holliday, late of Bedford, Pa.

Oct. 25th, of lingering illness, Mr. Mark Young, in the 86th year of his age, and one of the Revolutionary Soldiers.

On the 14th ult. in the 27th year of his age, Lieut. Charles S. Ridgely, of the United States Navy, son of Gen. Charles Sterett Ridgely, of Anne Arundel co. Md. His loss is deeply deplored, not only by the relatives who cherished him with affection, but by the service of which he was a most useful and honorable member.

At Washington, Hempstead county, Arkansas, on Tuesday, 24th of Sept. in the 19th year of his age, Anthony Cabane, eldest son of John H. Crease, Esq. Cashier of the State Bank in Little Rock.

On Thursday, 24th ult. Cecelia Ann, daughter of Patrick T. and Elizabeth O'Conway, aged 11 weeks.

Another Veteran Gone!—On the 27th ult. Henry Yeager, aged 78. He served his country as a Drummer in the Revolutionary war.

On the 29th ult. Joseph Mather, aged 3 years.

On the 21st ult. in the 63d year of his age, Rev. Clement Vallandigham, for the last 30 years pastor of the Presbyterian church in this place.—*New Lisbon Aurora.*

On Wednesday morning, Mr. Nicholas Orbis, in the 73d year of his age.

On Tuesday evening, at 10 o'clock, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Catharine Wallington, relict of the late Captain Edw. Wallington, in the 65d year of her age.

At New Castle, on Monday evening, 21st ult. Mrs. Ann Johns, wife of Hon. Kensey Johns, in the 72d year of her age.

A HINT TO TAILORS.

IT is a well known fact that a majority of the handsome fitting coats which we now meet with are promptly [illegible] to the improvements brought about by Ward's circular principles of Garment Cutting. Those Tailors who subscribe to the improvements in cutting, published by A. & A. F. Ward, Basford & Co. seem to possess a striking advantage over some, whose prejudice or aversion deprive them of the advantages of the work.

A CUSTOMER.

nov 2—tf

PHILADELPHIA MUSEUM.

A CONCERT will be given THIS EVENING, [illegible] The Musical Glasses, Harp, and Mad. Cambarbach and Mr. Quayle.

CONCERT in the style of the celebrated PAGANINI, on the Harp and Violin. MR. WATSON will perform on Smith's Patent Grand HARMONICON, or MUSICAL GLASSES. [illegible]

PART I.

OVERTURE—on the Harp and Violin, by Mr. and Mme Cambarbach. [illegible] YANKEE DOODLE [illegible] MUSICAL GLASSES [illegible]

PART II.

MARCH—Mme Cambarbach on the Harp. ANDANTE AND GERMAN AIR [illegible]

Tickets of Admission TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, or five Tickets, if purchased during the day, for One Dollar.

REAL ESTATE.

THE subscriber is authorised to purchase and sell Real Estate, Ground Rents, and other property for MORUS MULTICAULIS, at his Silk Agency, No. [illegible] street.

CHARLES CADWALLADER.

October 31 [illegible]

LINDEN AND OTHER TREES.

WM. PRINCE & SON, at Flushing, near New York, have about 10,000 superior Linden Trees, of large size, and at moderate prices. Also, the Silver leafed Abele, [illegible] Chinese Ailanthus, Horse Chestnut, and all the other kinds of ornamental Trees and Shrubs, of large size. [illegible] Dahlias, &c. A great stock of the Chinese Mulberry Trees, and also Seed of [illegible] Two hundred bushels of the monstrous Rohan Potatoe.

Orders per mail will meet attention, and a liberal discount allowed for prompt payments. nov 2—tf

TEMPERANCE BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION.

TYNG BRANCH, No. 1—A stated meeting of the Temperance Beneficial Association, Tyng Branch, No. [illegible] (Male and Female) will be held on Tuesday evening next, 5th inst. at [illegible] o'clock, at the Philadelphia Institute, [illegible] street, between [illegible] Initiation Fee 50 cents.

THOS. ROBINSON, President.

[illegible] Secretary. nov 2—tf

NO APOLOGY FOR WIGS.

Attention! Bald Heads.

OF all the remedies ever devised for the restoration and preservation of the HAIR, nothing has been found equal to ALBERT'S ODORAGINOUS HAIR TONIC—It seldom fails to restore the hair to health and beauty. Many who were bald a few months ago, can now exhibit luxuriant heads of hair by the use of it.

Copy of a letter from Dr. S. S. Fitch.

[illegible] May 10, 1839.

Dr. Jayne—Dear Sir—I feel that I am in duty bound to you in favor of Albert's Odoraginous Hair Tonic, prepared by you. My hair had been falling off about two years, and had become very thin, in extensive spots on my head; [illegible] In about one week it ceased to fall off.

I have used it now about three months, and have a full and thick head of hair as I can possibly desire. I have recommended its use to a number of my friends, who all speak well of it. It faithfully employed, I have no doubt of its general success. I may add, that before using the Tonic, I had tried almost all the various articles employed for the hair, such as the Macassar Oil, all the different preparations of Bear's Oil, Vegetable Hair Oil, &c. &c. without experiencing much if any benefit.

Respectfully yours,

S. S. FITCH,

No. 172 Chesnut Street.

Copy of a letter from C. C. Park, Pastor of the Baptist Church at Haddonfield, N. J.

HADDONFIELD, N. J. February 18, 1839.

Dr. D Jayne—Sir—I take pleasure in informing you that the bottle of Albert's Hair Tonic which I obtained of you last October, has proved most satisfactory and successful. My hair had for a long time been exceedingly thin. But for two or three years past it had so fallen out, that my head became almost entirely bald—I was under the necessity of concealing the baldness by combing the hair on the sides over it. But now, after using about half a bottle of the "Tonic," I have as luxuriant a growth of hair as I ever had.

C. C. PARK.

The Rev. Leonard Fletcher, Pastor of the Baptist Church at Great Valley, Pa. who had been more or less bald for many years, used three bottles of the Hair Tonic, and has now a fine growth of new hair over all that part of the head where he was bald before—"My hair is growing finely, I assure you."

L. FLETCHER

West Chester, Pa. March 2, 1839.

Mr. Bond, one of the Compositors in the office of the Philadelphia Public Ledger, who had lost nearly all his hair from off the top of his head, has had it completely restored by the use of this Tonic. Two officers of the American Navy had good heads of hair restored to them by using five bottles each of this Hair Tonic, one of whom was over sixty years of age. Four gentlemen connected with the Public Press in Philadelphia, have also had their baldness removed by using this remedy. The Rev. Mr. Parker, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Delaware County, Pa. who was completely bald over all the top of his head, and was also becoming considerably gray, has used only two bottles of the Tonic, and has not only a luxuriant growth of new hair upon his head, but all the grey hairs have disappeared, and those places have been supplied by healthy hair, of a natural color. Finally, in a cases of baldness out of every ten may positively be removed by a faithful application of this valuable remedy. There is therefore, now NO EXCUSE FOR A BALD HEAD.

Prepared only by Dr. D Jayne, sole proprietor, No. 8 South Third Street, Philadelphia. Price $1 00 a bottle.

nov 2—3m

TO TAILORS.

MAHAN'S Reports of the London and Philadelphia Fashions are published semi annually, about the 1st of April and 1st October of each year. It is the largest work of the kind published in the United States, is got up with great precision and neatness and is far superceding all the other works of the kind. We give extracts from two letters of those who have used it; we have hundreds of the same to now on file, which may be seen by calling at my office.

Halifax, Va. September 21st, 1839.

Dear Sir—I have information of a rupture between yourself and Allen Ward. I am sorry to see that Mr Ward has thus insidiously pirated and published your drafts for the Fall of 1838 and Spring of 1839. I am well acquainted with Mr Ward's System and I do not think he had any right to complain of your System being an infringement on his—from this he appears to be guilt of that which I did not think him capable. I have been a cutter for eight years, and have used all the most popular Systems of the present age, and can say that yours is greatly superior to Mr. Ward's, or any other I ever tried. In fact, I think it is as near perfection as it is possible to arrive in the art of Garment Cutting. Yours, &c.

WM. L. BACKNER.

Princeton, Gibson Co. Ia. May 28, 1839.

Dear Sir—Having practised your improved method of the Protractor System of Garment Cutting for some time past, and having tested its merits, I feel it duty bound to inform you that I give it the preference to any thing of the kind I have tried. I have been carrying on the business for the last twenty years, and have tried all of the most popular Rules or Systems, that have, from time to time, been laid before the public, but I must say that yours is the best, combining ease, with taste and gracefulness. I am at this time Agent for Mr. Ward, and have always thought that the Protractor System should have the preference, owing to the accuracy of the delineations and simplicity of drafting. I have since I became his Agent had several applications for the Protractor System, but I have generally found that the applicant would prefer Mahan's instead of Ward's System, which rather astonished me, thinking they were all the same thing; at length I was prevailed upon to try yours by one of your subscribers, and I must confess I was equally astonished when I found the difference. I have now come to the conclusion that if it meets with your views, I will take the Agency for your work, and resign that of Mr Ward.

Respectfully yours,

CHRISTOPHER GORDON.

F. MAHAN.

TERMS, &c.—Instructions in the art of Garment Cutting by the publisher, or through an agent, will be imparted, and the subscriber will be supplied with a set of the work, including Basics, Protractor Drafts, with instructions for journeymen in making up, &c. at Ten Dollars for the first, and Five Dollars per annum, on all subsequent years, *payable in advance*. Persons already acquainted with the Protractor System, will be supplied with the work at Five Dollars per annum, in advance, from the commencement of their subscription.

The Plate of Fashions is put at the low price of $2 per annum, to those who subscribe to the Reports, non-subscribers will be charged $1 per single plate.

Oval and Plain Rulers (inventions of F. Mahan) from $0 to $4 each.

Protractors of Holly, with metallic braces, from $3 to $4 each.

[illegible] on Bristol Board, varnished, $1 per set. Inch measures wholesale and retail.

N. B. *All letters must be post paid.*

Address

F. MAHAN,

nov 2—3t

No. 215 Chesnut Street, Philada. Pa.

PERMANENT CURE

OF A CASE OF PULMONARY CONSUMPTION BY DR. HUGHES'S REMEDY.—A reference to the following testimonial from Miss Haviland, will show the effects of Dr. Hughes's extraordinary medicine in consumptive cases. By the last intelligence received from Miss Haviland, (only a few days since) we are informed that she continues entirely free from all symptoms of pulmonary disease, and [illegible] than four years have elapsed since her recovery, without any return of the complaint. The certificate, as it will be seen, bears the date of August 10, 1835.

New Hanover, Burlington Co. N. J. Aug. 10th, 1835.

I do hereby certify, that I have been for many years afflicted with cough and pain in my breast, attended with expectoration of large quantities of blood and matter from my lungs, and I finally became so bad as to be confined to my bed. I had hectic fever, with night sweats, diarrhœa, great emaciation, constant cough, and every one who saw me believed that I was in the last stage of consumption, and had no expectation that I would be any better. I was attended by Dr. H. Hughes, and through his medicine was preserved and promoted by him. I was restored to health from my apparently desperate situation, and have since had no return of the pulmonary complaint.

LYDIA HAVILAND.

OBSERVE!—Dr. Hughes's Remedy though not offered as a specific or one and has been for many years used with unprecedented success in cases of Pulmonary Consumption, Asthma, Chronic Bronchitis, Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Spleen, Whooping Cough, Colds, &c. &c. and has gained a reputation unequalled in the history of medicine. Dr. Hughes is a regular physician, a graduate of Jefferson College in this city, and one whose practice in his profession for the last eleven years with very great success. His medicine is sold pro and nothing under all circumstances. It may be obtained at his office No. 37 NORTH FIFTH Street, below Race street, with ample printed directions for use. Price $1 per bottle, or $5 per half dozen.

Also, at [illegible] Wilmington, Delaware.

John Wise's [illegible], Lancaster, Pa.

Bean & Sands, Norristown, Pa.

nov 2—3m

THE CASKET

AND PHILADELPHIA MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

PROSPECTUS OF A NEW VOLUME.

The unparalleled success which has attended The Casket since it came into the hands of the present proprietor, induce them to begin a volume WITH STILL FURTHER ATTRACTIONS on the first of January. [illegible] THE FINEST STEEL ENGRAVINGS, [illegible] The heads of several DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN WRITERS will appear in the course of the year. [illegible]

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE, OR TWO COPIES FOR FIVE DOLLARS. All communications to be addressed, post paid, to

GEORGE R. GRAHAM & CO. Philada

P. S. Editors publishing this Prospectus, will be entitled to a copy of the Casket during the volume. No exchange is [illegible] unless when noticing the reception of the Magazine.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscribers invite all persons wanting a first rate Farm, to call at their office, where will be shown them a draft and description of what they consider the most productive and best improved Farm in the best neighborhood, and having the most conveniences of any other in the vicinity of Philadelphia.

Said Farm contains about 90 acres, situate in Byberry Township, Philadelphia county, on the public road from Philadelphia to Attleboro', about twelve miles from the former, and six from the latter. The buildings are large, and the land all fences in complete repair, and along the same [illegible] a farmer, or mechanic, who wishes a retirement from his labors, or of the farmer who expects still to labor, and looks to the enhancement of the value as an inducement.

TOWNSEND & LOFT, Conveyancers.

N. E. corner 7th and Spring Garden streets, Phila.

nov 2—tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Margaret Lancaster, of the county of Philadelphia, deceased, are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the said estate, to present their accounts, duly authenticated, without delay to

HENRY HINKLE, Administrator,

nov 2—6t

No. 230 Callowhill street

☞ REMOVAL. ☜

DR. WM. EVANS has removed the office for the sale of his Camomile Pills and Soothing Syrup to

3 NO. 3 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET. 3

Near corner Market. oct 24—tf

NO. 3 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET.

(Near corner Market.)

OFFICE REMOVED

for the sale of

DR. WM. EVANS'S

CHAMOMILE PILLS

to

3 NO. 3 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET. 3

DR. WM. EVANS'S ONLY OFFICE

in

PHILADELPHIA oct 26—tf

COUNTING HOUSE BLACK SAND,

PREPARED BY W. J. SIMON, at the United States Sand Office, No. 121 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

N. B. Orders from a distance, post paid, are promptly attended to.

☞ Let this article be put out of the reach of Rats, and the boxes will keep good for years.

Due attention has always been observed to wash it from its natural brackish quality, by the application of fresh waters, otherwise, in damp or wet weather it would not answer the purpose for which it is intended.

See Sand will assist to retain the color of ink.

oct 26—3m

Infirmary for the Treatment of Scrofula

And Diseases of the Skin.

No. 33 North Sixth street, above Arch, Philadelphia.

PHYSICIAN O. H. PARTRIDGE, M. D.

References—J. C. Warren, M. D. Professor of Anatomy, &c. Boston, Mass.

W. Parker, M. D. Professor of Anatomy, &c. Cincinnati, Ohio.

PHILADELPHIA.

H. Bond, M. D.	S. S. Janey, M. D.
J. Clapp, M. D.	H. Chase, M. D.
F. Coates, M. D.	S. S. Fitch, M. D.

Office hours 9 o'clock, A. M. 1 o'clock, P. M. and 7 in the evening.

*** Persons from a distance wishing medical advice by writing correct descriptions of their cases and enclosing a fee—letters post paid—shall receive prompt attention to advice and prescription. oct 26—6m

GREAT SALE OF MORUS MULTICAULIS.

2,000 TREES—The subscribers will sell at public sale, in Denton, Caroline county, Maryland, on Tuesday, the 19th day of November next, 2,000 Genuine *Morus Multicaulis*.

These Trees have all been grown in Caroline county, Maryland, and are in good order, and of a very superior quality, ranging from *three* to *seven* and *eight* feet in height and well branched. Few of them are to be surpassed by any in market.

They will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers, the terms of sale being one-third of the purchase money in cash and the rest in three and six months with approved security.

Persons from a distance wishing to supply themselves will find it to their advantage to attend. Denton (the place of sale) is easily accessible by means of steamboats running regularly to Easton, Wye Landing and Centreville, with all of which places there is constant communication. And vessels plying regularly from this place to Baltimore and Philadelphia will furnish easy facility for removing the trees, which may be purchased for distant markets.

DR GEO. T. MARTIN,
THOMAS HURCHENAL,
ED. H. HARDCASTLE,
WILLIAM BAILEY,
JOHN A. SANGSTON,
J. C. TALBOTT,
JAMES SANGSTON.

Denton Oct. 19, 1839. oct 26—3t

WINTER MILLINERY.

MISSES JOHNSONS No. 8 6 Chesnut Street, inform the Ladies that they have received, and will open a handsome assortment of FRENCH MILLINERY, on Thursday, October 31st.

Several good Milliners will find immediate employment, by applying at the above place. oct 24—3t*

JACOB SENNEFF,

NO. 163 North Second street, between Race and Vine street, Philadelphia, opposite the sign of the Camel—Manufacturer of Brass, Steel and Cane Reeds and Heddles or harness of all kinds. He also keeps for sale all articles used by manufacturers, all of which he warrants to be of the best quality, and sold at reasonable prices, viz:— Machine Cards of all descriptions, (both Sheet and Filleting) Shuttles, Comb Plate, Belt Picker and Lace Leather, Sheep and Calf Roller Skins, Press Paper, Pickers, Roller Cloths, Sattinet, Linsey and Kentucky Jean Warps, Heald Yarn, Linen and Cotton Carpet Chain, of all colors, Coverlet and Blue and White Cotton Yarn, &c. &c. oct 19—tf

MORUS MULTICAULIS.

40,000 Morus Multicaulis, fine and large, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, at the agency, by

F. WOOLMAN,

nov 16—tf

Burlington, New Jersey.

SUSPENSION OF SPECIE PAYMENTS!

Small Change Notes,

For Banks, Corporation Issues, Loans, Public Institutions, Merchants, Manufacturers, and others—from splendid Steel Plates.

IN the suspension of 1837, the subscriber furnished to numerous corporations and public bodies all their issues of small change notes; and he has now prepared himself with a large variety of entirely new steel plates, of various patterns, engraved in the highest style, and making imitation almost impossible. The designs are beautiful in the extreme, and the whole execution of the plates such as to adapt them expressly for issues of scrip, where the amount to be turned to an issue is too small to warrant the cost of a private engraving too high. By using these plates, the customer has all the benefit of the fine engraving, without bearing any of the expense, as the filling up of the notes can be changed in any way that may be desired. The price, too, of impressions [illegible]. The despatch in executing an order is very great, no matter how large a quantity or how great a variety may be required; a messenger sent to this city for the purpose will be detained but a short time. These plates are made for my exclusive use; impressions from them, or duplicates, cannot therefore be obtained elsewhere.— Notes can be printed from them of all denominations from FIVE CENTS up to FIVE DOLLARS, or even higher, if required.

Particular attention is invited to these notes; their execution exhibits the most finished effect of the graver as combined with the art of typography—thus producing a bill of great beauty, and secure from the most ingenious attempt of fraud; since it is a fact, that however perfectly engravings may be imitated, it is impossible to copy letter press printing on a plate with even tolerable accuracy. This peculiarity is sufficient of itself to establish their importance to all issuers.

In addition to the above I can furnish notes of all descriptions, from Xylographic plates, also engraved in my own establishment. They cost less than the steel plate notes, but are not so elegant nor safe, yet they have been found to answer a very valuable purpose. They can be printed in red, green, blue or black.

Having expended several thousand dollars in engraving plates, and preparing myself to supply the public throughout the United States during the present suspension, I can now execute all orders for notes in a very superior manner, and with a promptitude which entitles this office to the notice of the business doing public. Every exception will be made to execute and send off promptly orders from a distance.

EDMUND MORRIS,

No. 43 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

October, 1839. oct 26—tf

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans Court [illegible] on FIFTH DAY, the 14th of 11th mo. (November) [illegible] [illegible]

NATHAN [illegible], Administrator.

Samuel Warner Clerk.

oct 19—3t

FARMERS' HAY MARKET ASSOCIATION.

[illegible]

HUGH WHITTON, Secretary.

Philadelphia, Oct. 19th, 1839. oct 19—3t*

Cough, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, of Sixty Years Standing, Cured by DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT!

PHILADELPHIA, August 4th, 1838.

MR. AUGUSTUS—Dear Sir. A few weeks ago I noticed in your paper, an account of the wonderful effects of JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE, in curing a great number of passengers on board a Mississippi steamboat, so perfectly health who were afflicted with Bowel Complaint. [illegible] EXPECTORANT [illegible]

[illegible] I fully expected it would be the last. [illegible] IT HAS EFFECTUALLY CURED ME [illegible] SIXTY YEARS. [illegible]

NICHOLAS HARRIS, Sen. No. 33 Lombard st.

Dr. Jayne's Office is No. 20 South Third Street, Philadelphia. oct 19—tf

DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.

THIS [illegible]

CERTIFICATES.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

[illegible]

Philadelphia, April 25, 1837.

J. L. SIMPKINS.

Gastonia Town, Va. Aug. 27, 1838.

Dr. Jayne—Dear Sir—I have been using your Expectorant [illegible]

R. W. WILLIAMS, M. D.

From Dr. E. P. Hitchcock, a Graduate of Jefferson College, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jayne—Dear Sir—[illegible]

E. P. HITCHCOCK, M. D. No. 31 Sansom St.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10, 1837.

New York, January 25, 1838.

Dr. Jayne—Sir—[illegible]

JOHN BOLIKA, Sen.

Dr. Jayne—Dear Sir—[illegible]

ARTHUR B. BRADFORD,

Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Darlington, Pa.

[illegible]

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne No. 20 South Third Street. [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA LIBRARY.

FOR SALE a Share in the Philadelphia Library Company. Apply at the office of the weekly Saturday Post. [illegible]

[illegible] MORUS MULTICAULIS.

[illegible] of the Saturday Evening Post, at Carter's Alley, Philadelphia, will be promptly attended to. jy 6—tf

PRIZE HYACINTHS—GARDEN SEEDS.

JUST received, and on sale, a superb collection of Dutch Bulbous Roots [illegible]

With a full and general assortment of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds. [illegible]

HENRY & DREER.

THE SUNFLOWER LEAF.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR TOBACCO.

[illegible]

I do hereby certify that through inducement of the [illegible]

GEORGE ROLLESON.

NATHANIEL HAMILTON,

[illegible] County, Pa.

[illegible]

CROFT & GOODMAN.

N. B. Country editors [illegible]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION.

THIS disease is a wasting away of the whole body, attended with a hectic fever, cough and spitting up of matter from an ulcer on the lungs. [illegible] DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY BARK, [illegible] HEAL THE ULCERATED LUNGS, [illegible]

PRINCIPAL OFFICE for the sale of this medicine is at the Medical Office, No. 19 North EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia, where all orders must be addressed. [illegible]

Agents.—Mrs. Parker, Kensington; Benjamin Brown, [illegible] Wilmington; Joseph Scott, Wilmington; and Andrew Keeler, Harrisburg. aug 16—tf

DR. SWAYNE.

RESPECTED FRIEND.—From the very beneficial effects which I have derived from the use of thy COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY BARK, I am fully willing to testify to the astonishing effect. My attack was that of a common COLD, which began to threaten something of a more serious nature. [illegible] COLDS and COUGHS, [illegible]

ELWOOD L. POSEY.

S. W. corner of Arch and Fifth streets, Philada.

The above Medicine is for sale at the MEDICAL OFFICE, 19 NORTH EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia and respective agents. For sale in Baltimore at No. 3 N. GAY Street. aug 16—tf

MORE PROOFS

OF THE EFFICACY OF DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY BARK.—Mrs. BROWN, corner of Second street and the forks of Germantown Road, effectually cured. [illegible] COUGH, [illegible] PULMONARY DISEASE, [illegible] For sale at No. 19 N. EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia. aug 16—tf

TRUE POMADE DIVINE.

[illegible] PHILADELPHIA. [illegible]

Variety's the spice of life,
That gives it all its flavour.

CASTLE BUILDING.

There are some happy moments in this lone
And desolate world of ours, that well repay
The toil of struggling through it, and atone
For many a long, sad night and weary day.
They come upon the mind like some wild air
Of distant music, when we know not where,

Or whence, the sounds are brought from, and their power,
Though brief, is boundless. That far, future home,
Oft dream'd of, beckons near—its rose wreathed bower,
And cloudless skies before us; we become
Changed on the instant—all gold leaf and gilding:
This is, in vulgar phrase, call'd "castle building."

Warm Wishing.—On the last 4th of July, the following toast was given at a western celebration:

"The wretch who refused to defend the liberties of his country—Shod with lightning, may he be condemned to wander over a desert of gunpowder."

"Mike, and is it yourself that can be after telling me how they make ice creams?"
"In truth I can—do they not bake them in cowld ovens, to be sure?"

The Newburyport Herald says this—it is good:—
"A man's own good breeding is the best security against other people's ill manners."

A lady, whose fondness for generous living had given her a flushed face and carbuncled nose, consulted Dr. Cheyne. Upon surveying herself, she exclaimed, "Where, in the name of wonder, doctor, did I get such a nose as this?" "Out of the decanter, madam; out of the decanter," replied the doctor.

"Did you know," said a wag yesterday, "that they are going to have up the fellow who huzza'd on the corner of Exchange street when Mr. Van Buren passed?" What for, we asked. "For disturbing the solemnity of the meeting," was the sarcastic reply.—Rochester Democrat.

Beds, now such indispensable pieces of furniture, were to the Greeks and Romans articles of great luxury. ...

SNUFF AND SNUFF TAKERS.

GRATITUDE.

THE PUNISHMENT OF DEATH.

AN EVERY-DAY CHARACTER.

What are you lady?—naught is here
To tell us of your name or story;
To claim the gaze's smile or tear,
To dub you whig, or dub you tory;
It is beyond the poet's skill,
To form the slightest notion, whether,
We e'er shall walk through one quadrille
Or look upon one moon together.

You're very pretty!—all the world
Are talking of your bright brow's splendor,
And of your locks, so softly curl'd,
And of your hands, so white and slender;
...

THE BITER BITTEN.

COMING TO A CONCLUSION.

IMPROVED MANUFACTURE OF CANDLES.

DYNAMOMETER.

SPINNING.

ANECDOTE.

"GUESTS FROM GIBBET ISLAND"

THE TRAVELLER IN MAHOMETANISM.

MEHEMET ALI.

DEVOTIONAL POETRY.

LINES.

MORUS MULTICAULIS.

H. D. LOWRIE, Agent for the Proprietor.

MORUS MULTICAULIS.

JAMES JARRETT, ...

CARPET MANUFACTORY.

The West Chester Young Ladies Seminary.

EYE SIGHT RESTORED.

DAVID EVANS'S MANUFACTORY.

JUST PUBLISHED.

Pocket Æsculapius, or every one his own Physician.

Being practical observations on the diseases of the Generative System, ...

A Practical Treatise on Diseases of the Skin, by William Young, M. D. member of the Philadelphia Medical Society, ...

MARRIAGE.

ALSO BY THE SAME AUTHOR.

ON MARRIAGE.—Its intent, obligations, and Physical and constitutional disqualifications, ...

DAVID SMITH, MERCHANT,

Water Street, Paducah, Kentucky.—Has constantly on hand a choice assortment of New Goods, such as Hardware, Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Queensware, &c. ... STEAMBOATS, TRAVELLERS, &c. ...

TRACTS OF VALUABLE LAND.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the handsome and improving town of NEW BRIGHTON, situated on the Falls of Beaver River, in Beaver County, Pa. ...

VALUABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

WARD vs. MAHAN.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

SLEEPER & BROTHERS,

No. 116 Market Street, Philadelphia.

EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS OF SILK, GINGHAM AND COTTON

UMBRELLAS,

PLAIN AND FANCY PARASOLS.

LEATHER STORE.

ANDREW R. CHAMBERS.

Philadelphia, January 1st 1839.

MORUS MULTICAULIS.

H. G. STREET & SON. Charleston, South Carolina.

RAND'S WRITING ACADEMY,

No. 106 South Ninth Street.

The American Penman.
Rand's Introduction, in eight parts.
Do. System, with instructions.
Do. do. abridged.
Do. Piece Book.
Do. Alphabetical Copies.
Do. Ornamental do.

CLEVELAND'S

Patent Syphon or Self Supplying Pen.

SILVER PLATE, SPOON AND FORK MANUFACTORY.

South West corner of Fifth and Cherry Streets.

WORMS, WORMS, WORMS.

DOMESTIC SILK AGENCY,

PLAIN & ORNAMENTAL IRON RAILING.

WASHINGTON J. SIMON,

A CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

EUPHRADIAN INSTITUTE,

For Instruction in Reading, Speaking and Singing.

STOP THE RUNAWAY! TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Published by Samuel C. Atkinson, No. 36 Carter's Alley, Philadelphia.